

COMMON EXAMINATION FOR
ENTRANCE TO PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND
ROYAL NAVAL COLLEGE, DARTMOUTH.

SUBJECT—GEOGRAPHY.

[45 minutes.]

[N.B.—Do questions I and II and any two others.]

I. On the map of the world which has been given you :—

- (a) Show by an arrow the direction of the wind which brings rain to India in the summer and name the wind.
- (b) Draw in the two sea-routes most likely to be used between Britain and Australia, if the Mediterranean is closed.
- (c) Name the four oversea Dominions of the British Empire.
- (d) Mark with a large dot and name Brest and Washington.

II. Do *either* (a) *or* (b) :—

- (a) How and why do occupations differ in *two only* of the following :—Devon-Cornwall Peninsula, North Wales, Northern Ireland, Scottish Highlands ?

Or,

- (b) Describe the position of the following coast towns and show in what different ways they are important :—

Cardiff, Dundee, Grimsby, Harwich, Portsmouth.

III. Draw a map of the eastern half of the Mediterranean (the outline may be enlarged roughly from the world-map given you). Mark and name Athens, Cairo, Cape Matapan, Suez Canal. Name also Crete, Malta and Rhodes and write underneath these islands the countries to which they belong.

IV. Do *either* (a) or (b):—

- (a) Name a region in North America or in Europe where electricity is obtained by water power. For what purposes is the electricity used there?

Or,

- (b) Name a region in Asia or in Australia where irrigation is important. For what purposes is the irrigation used there?

V. Choose *one only* of the regions named below. Say what you know about the different races that make up its population and their occupations:—

Southern United States, South America, Union of South Africa, New Zealand.

VI. How would you find the True North with a compass?

and

Give examples of the three ways in which the scale is shown on an Ordnance Survey map,